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## AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace the paragraph on page 6, lines 3-27, with the following amended paragraph:

As was noted above, data traverses the Internet 106 as IP datagrams. An IP datagram 200, as depicted in FIG. 2, typically includes an IP header portion 202, an upper layer protocol (ULP) header 204, and a data payload 206. Examples of an inbound IPSec datagram, i.e., an IP datagram subject to IPSec processing and received at its intended destination, are depicted in FIGS. 3 and 4 for tunnel mode and transport mode. respectively. As depicted therein, an IPSec datagram 300, 400 includes an IP header portion 302, 402, an IPSec header portion 304, 404, and an encrypted and/or authenticated payload portion 306, 406. The IP header portion 302, 402 may be either a new IP header portion 302, if operating in IPSec tunnel mode (FIG. 3), or the original IP header 402 of the unencrypted IP datagram 200, if operating in transport mode (FIG. 4). The encrypted and/or authenticated payload portion 306, 406 (represented by the diagonal lines) includes encrypted and/or authenticated forms of the data payload portion 206 from the unencrypted IP datagram 200. And, if operating in tunnel mode, the encrypted and/or authenticated payload portion 306 will also include an encrypted form of the original IP header portion 202 and upper layer protocol portion 204. Alternatively, in the transport mode, the original upper layer protocol portion 204 is included in its original form. The tunnel and transport operational modes are known in the art, and are explained in detail in RFC 2401, "System Architecture for the Internet Protocol," the entirety of which is hereby incorporated by reference. The IPSec header portion 304, 404 includes, among other things, the security protocol (e.g., AH, ESP, or both) 310, 410, and the Security Parameter Index (SPI) value 312, 412. The remaining portion of the SA triple, the destination address value 308, 408 is included in the IP header portion 302, 402.

Please replace the paragraph on page 10, lines 8-21, with the following amended paragraph:

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Once the SPI value is assigned and the SA is established, the IPSec hardware device 510 is able to process inbound IPSec datagrams 300, 400. The skilled artisan will appreciate that this processing is generally the same, whether operating in tunnel mode or transport mode. Turning now to FIG. 7, the process 700 that is carried out by the IPSec hardware device 510 to determine and locate the appropriate SA for the inbound IPSec datagrams will be described. The process begins (STEP 702) when the IPSec hardware device 510 receives an inbound IPSec datagram 300, 400 via the first I/O bus 509 (STEP 704). Upon receipt of the IPSec datagram 300, 400, the IPSec hardware device 510 parses the IPSec header 304, 404 to locate the SPI value 312, 412 (STEP 706). This SPI value is then used to locate the memory region in the SAD that has the same address value as the SPI value (STEP 708). The SA structure that is stored in that memory region is then used as the SA for the inbound IPSec datagram (STEP 710). The process then ends (STEP 712).